

# VICTOR T.TOTH

## 1 <http://www.vttoth.com/CMS/projects/61-the-maxima-computer-algebra-system>

Example of using Maxima for derivation of Schwartzschild metric from Hilbert Variational principle.

Below L is Lambda-term.

Slightly corrected by S.Blinnikov on 21st October 2012 (Novosibirsk): Friedmann lines are removed.

```
(%i1) if get('ctensor,'version)=false then load(ctensor);
```

```
(%o1) /usr/share/maxima/5.24.0/share/tensor/ctensor.mac
```

```
(%i2) if get('itensor,'version)=false then load(itensor);
```

```
(%o2) /usr/share/maxima/5.24.0/share/tensor/itensor.lisp
```

```
(%i3) remsym(g,2,0);  
      remsym(g,0,2);  
      remsym(gg,2,0);  
      remsym(gg,0,2);  
      remcomps(gg);  
      imetric(gg);
```

No symmetries have been declared for this tensor.

```
(%o3) done
```

No symmetries have been declared for this tensor.

```
(%o4) done
```

No symmetries have been declared for this tensor.

```
(%o5) done
```

No symmetries have been declared for this tensor.

```
(%o6) done
```

```
(%o7) done
```

```
(%o8) done
```

```
(%i9) icurvature([a,b,c],[e])*gg([d,e],[[]])$
```

```

(%i10) contract(rename(expand(%)))$
(%i11) %,ichr2$
(%i12) contract(rename(expand(%)))$
(%i13) canform(%)$
(%i14) contract(rename(expand(%)))$
(%i15) components(gg([a,b],[ ]),kdels([a,b],[u,v])*g([u,v],[ ])/2);
(%o15) done
(%i16) components(gg([ ],[a,b]),kdels([u,v],[a,b])*g([ ],[u,v])/2);
(%o16) done
(%i17) %th(4),gg$
(%i18) contract(rename(expand(%)))$
(%i19) contract(canform(%))$
(%i20) imetric(g);
(%o20) done
(%i21) contract(rename(expand(%th(2))))$
(%i22) remcomps(R);
(%o22) done
(%i23) components(R([a,b,c,d],[ ]),%th(2));
(%o23) done
(%i24) g([ ],[a,b])*R([a,b,c,d])*g([ ],[c,d])$
(%i25) contract(rename(canform(%)))$
(%i26) contract(rename(canform(%)))$

```

(%i27) components(R([], []), %);

(%o27) done

(%i28) decsym(g, 2, 0, [sym(all)], []);

(%o28) done

(%i29) decsym(g, 0, 2, [], [sym(all)]);

(%o29) done

(%i30) ishow(1/(16\*pi\*G)\*((2\*L+'R([], [])))\*sqrt(-determinant(g)))\$

(%t30) 
$$\frac{\sqrt{-\text{determinant}(g)} (2L + R)}{16 \pi G}$$

(%i31) L0:%,R\$

(%i32) canform(contract(canform(rename(contract(expand(diff(L0,g([], [m,n])))-  
idiff(diff(L0,g([], [m,n],k)),k)+idiff(rename(idiff(contract(  
diff(L0,g([], [m,n],k,1))),k),1000),1))))))\$

(%i33) ishow(e([m,n], [])=canform(%\*16\*pi/sqrt(-determinant(g))))\$

(%t33) 
$$e_{mn} = -\frac{g_{mn} L}{G} + \frac{g_{,3}^{1\%2} g_{,6}^{3\%5} g_{,1}^{1\%2} \text{ichr}2_{,4\%5}^{4\%4} g_{mn}}{G} + \frac{g_{,3}^{1\%2} g_{,6}^{3\%6} g_{,6}^{4\%5} g_{,1}^{1\%2} g_{,4\%5} g_{mn}}{G} +$$
  
$$\frac{g_{,2}^{2\%4} \text{ichr}2_{,1\%2}^{1\%1} \text{ichr}2_{,3\%4}^{2\%3} g_{mn}}{G} + \frac{g_{,2}^{1\%2} g_{,1}^{2\%3} g_{,4}^{3\%4} g_{mn}}{G} - \frac{3 g_{,3}^{1\%2} g_{,6}^{3\%6} g_{,6}^{4\%5} g_{,1}^{1\%4} g_{,2}^{2\%5} g_{mn}}{G} +$$
  
$$\frac{5 g_{,3}^{1\%2} g_{,6}^{3\%6} g_{,6}^{4\%5} g_{,1}^{1\%5} g_{,2}^{2\%4} g_{mn}}{G} - \frac{8 G}{g_{,3}^{1\%2} g_{,1}^{2\%3} g_{,4}^{3\%4} g_{,2}^{2\%4} g_{mn}} + \frac{16 G}{g_{,1}^{1\%2} \text{ichr}2_{,2\%3}^{2\%3} g_{mn}} +$$
  
$$\frac{16 G}{g_{,2}^{1\%2} \text{ichr}2_{,1\%3}^{2\%3} g_{mn}} + \frac{4 G}{g_{,3}^{2\%3} \text{ichr}2_{,1\%2,2\%3}^{2\%1} g_{mn}} - \frac{2 G}{g_{,3}^{1\%2} g_{,4}^{3\%4} g_{,1}^{1\%2} g_{mn}} +$$
  
$$\frac{2 G}{g_{,1}^{1\%2} g_{mn}} + \frac{g_{,3}^{1\%2} g_{,6}^{3\%5} g_{,1n} g_{,2m} \text{ichr}2_{,4\%5}^{2\%4}}{G} - \frac{g_{,n}^{1\%2} g_{,1}^{1\%2} \text{ichr}2_{,3m}^{2\%3}}{8 G} + \frac{g_{,n}^{1\%2} g_{,1}^{3\%4} g_{,2}^{2\%4} g_{,3m}}{8 G} +$$
  
$$\frac{2 G}{g_{,n}^{1\%2} g_{,2}^{3\%4} g_{,1}^{1\%4} g_{,3m}} - \frac{2 G}{g_{,6}^{1\%5} g_{,4}^{2\%3} g_{,4}^{4\%6} g_{,1n} g_{,2m} g_{,3}^{3\%5}} - \frac{2 G}{g_{,n}^{1\%2} g_{,m}^{3\%4} g_{,1}^{1\%2} g_{,3}^{3\%4}} -$$
  
$$\frac{4 G}{\text{ichr}2_{,1n}^{2\%1} \text{ichr}2_{,2m}^{2\%2}} + \frac{9 g_{,3}^{1\%2} g_{,4}^{3\%4} g_{,1n} g_{,2m}}{16 G} - \frac{g_{,4}^{1\%2} g_{,3}^{3\%4} g_{,1n} g_{,2m}}{16 G} + \frac{4 G}{g_{,3}^{1\%2} g_{,3}^{3\%4} g_{,1n} g_{,2m}} +$$
  
$$\frac{G}{g_{,3}^{1\%4} g_{,4}^{2\%3} g_{,1n} g_{,2m}} - \frac{16 G}{g_{,n}^{1\%2} \text{ichr}2_{,1\%3}^{2\%3} g_{,2m}} - \frac{16 G}{\text{frac}g_{,1n}^{1\%2} g_{,2m} 4 G} + \frac{g_{,3}^{1\%4} g_{,m}^{2\%3} g_{,1n} g_{,2}^{2\%4}}{2 G} +$$
  
$$\frac{2 G}{3 g_{,n}^{1\%2} g_{,m}^{3\%4} g_{,1}^{1\%3} g_{,2}^{2\%4}} - \frac{4 G}{g_{,m}^{1\%2} g_{,1n} \text{ichr}2_{,2}^{2\%3}} - \frac{g_{,n}^{1\%2} g_{,1m} \text{ichr}2_{,2}^{2\%3}}{2 G} -$$
  
$$\frac{8 G}{g_{,m}^{2\%3} \text{ichr}2_{,1n}^{2\%1} g_{,2}^{2\%3}} - \frac{2 G}{5 g_{,n}^{1\%2} g_{,m}^{3\%4} g_{,1}^{1\%4} g_{,2}^{2\%3}} - \frac{4 G}{g_{,2m}^{1\%2} g_{,1n} \text{ichr}2_{,1m,n}^{2\%1}} -$$

$$\frac{g_{,2n}^{12} g_{,1m}}{4G}$$

(%i34) EQ:ic\_convert(%)\$

(%i35) ct\_coords:[t,r,u,v];

(%o35) [t, r, u, v]

(%i36) lg:ident(4);

(%o36) 
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(%i37) lg[1,1]:B;  
 lg[2,2]:-A;  
 lg[3,3]:-r^2;  
 lg[4,4]:-r^2\*sin(u)^2;

(%o37) B

(%o38) - A

(%o39) - r<sup>2</sup>

(%o40) - r<sup>2</sup> sin(u)<sup>2</sup>

(%i41) kill(dependencies);

(%o41) done

(%i42) dependencies(A(r),B(r));

(%o42) [A(r), B(r)]

(%i43) cmetric();

(%o43) done

(%i44) christof(false);

(%o44) done

(%i45) e:zeromatrix(4,4);

(%o45) 
$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

(%i46) ev(EQ);

(%o46) done

(%i47) E:expand(radcan(ug.e));

$$(\%o47) \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{L}{G} + \frac{\frac{d}{dr}A}{rA^2G} - \frac{1}{r^2AG} + \frac{1}{r^2G} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -\frac{L}{G} - \frac{\frac{d}{dr}B}{rABG} - \frac{1}{r^2AG} + \frac{1}{r^2G} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\frac{L}{G} - \frac{\frac{d^2}{dr^2}B}{2ABG} + \frac{(\frac{d}{dr}B)^2}{4AB^2G} + \frac{(\frac{d}{dr}A)(\frac{d}{dr}B)}{4A^2BG} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

(%i48) exp:findde(E,2);

$$(\%o48) [r^2 A^2 L - r \left( \frac{d}{dr} A \right) - A^2 + A, r^2 A B L + r \left( \frac{d}{dr} B \right) - A B + B, 4 r A^2 B^2 L + 2 r A B \left( \frac{d^2}{dr^2} B \right) - r A \left( \frac{d}{dr} B \right)^2 - r \left( \frac{d}{dr} A \right) B \left( \frac{d}{dr} B \right) + 2 A B \left( \frac{d}{dr} B \right) - 2 \left( \frac{d}{dr} A \right) B^2]$$

(%i49) solve(ode2(exp[1],A,r),A);

$$(\%o49) [A = -\frac{3r}{r^3 L - 3r - 3\%c}]$$

(%i50) %,%c=-2\*M;

$$(\%o50) [A = -\frac{3r}{6M + r^3 L - 3r}]$$

(%i51) a:%[1],%c=-2\*M;

$$(\%o51) A = -\frac{3r}{6M + r^3 L - 3r}$$

(%i52) ode2(ev(exp[2],a),B,r);

$$(\%o52) B = \frac{\%c (6M + r^3 L - 3r)}{r}$$

(%i53) b:ev(%,%c=rhs(solve(rhs(%)\*rhs(a)=1,%c)[1]));

$$(\%o53) B = -\frac{6M + r^3 L - 3r}{3r}$$

(%i54) factor(ev(ev(exp[3],a,b),diff));

(%o54) 0

```
(%i55) lg:ev(lg,a,b),L=0$
```

```
(%i56) ug:invert(lg)$
```

```
(%i57) block([title: "Schwarzschild Potential for Mass M=2",M:2.],  
             wxplot3d([r*cos(th),r*sin(th),1-ug[1,1]],[r,5.,50.],[th,-%pi,%pi],  
                    ['grid,20,30'],['z,-2,0],[psfile],[legend,title]));
```

